

North East Quality Observatory Service

Back Pain Report

Nene



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BetterKnowledgeBetterCareBetterOutcomes

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NEQOS Back Pain Report

This back pain report contains health intelligence produced by NEQOS to support the implementation of the national pathfinder project to provide better pathways of care for people with low back and radicular pain. The NHS England Pathfinder Projects were established to address high value care pathways which cross commissioning and health care boundaries. Many conditions require a pathway of care which moves from the general practitioner through primary care and community services and into secondary care and sometimes specialised services. Difficulties in commissioning across boundaries, however, can cause artificial interruptions in what should be a seamless care pathway. The Pathfinder Projects are designed for all Stakeholders to work collaboratively to examine in depth these health care interfaces and to develop commissioning structures to commission care across the whole pathway. The Trauma Programme of Care Board selected low back pain and radicular pain as the Pathfinder Project as this is a high value care pathway in view of the very large number of patients involved.

The future of the pathway is that it is designed to be run in primary care (general practice and community physiotherapy) and referral into secondary specialist care is only at the end of the pathway. Key to the success of the pathway are the Triage and Treat practitioners; the highly trained practitioners, either extended scope physiotherapists or nurse specialists who essentially run the pathway and have access to bookable slots for the core therapies, nerve root blocks, spinal surgical clinic appointments or pain clinic appointments. This reduces very significantly the delays in the previous system and also reduces the "pinball" management that is a feature of so many health care systems. Quality care is less expensive by reducing ineffective or repetitive treatment and by reducing conversion into chronic disability

In this profile, the current utilisation of secondary care services for back and radicular pain are shown by CCG and providers, including both NHS Trusts and Independent Sector providers to demonstrate variation in activity regionally and across England. This report is based on the population of patients under the care of CCGs in the Central Midlands Region and provides important information about patient flows from these CCGs across all providers within this region.

Information on hospital admissions is presented by admission method (elective vs. emergency) and type of procedure (surgery, injections, pain management etc.) undertaken. The aim of this report is to assist both clinicians and commissioners in comparing treatment activity rates between regional providers and against national data to reduce variation and develop evidence based care pathways to improve patient outcomes.

Ongoing monitoring of this secondary care activity will evidence where changes implemented through the national pathfinder project for acute low back and radicular pain to provide timely access to evidence based treatments can improve the quality of patient care, provide community based alternatives to secondary care admissions for back pain and reduce secondary care expenditure.

It is important to note that this report is based on the cohort of patients with back and/or radicular pain but does not include patients who have back pain due to specific diagnosis such as cancer, infection, spinal trauma, inflammatory arthritis, cauda equine syndrome as these patients have very different treatment pathways of care.

Acknowledgements

This work has been funded through the Getting It Right First Time (GIRFT) project that is part of the Department of Health funded Clinically-Led Quality and Efficiency Programme.

Acknowledgements to the Health & Social Care Information Centre (HSCIC) as the source of data used in this report and to Professor Greenough and Mr Ashley Cole for their expert clinical guidance and advice.

Introduction and background

Low back pain is extremely common and is the largest single cause of loss of disability adjusted life years, and the largest single cause of years lived with disability in England (Global Burden of Disease, 2013). In terms of disability adjusted life years lost per 100,000, low back pain is responsible for 2,313. By contrast the remainder of musculo-skeletal complaints counts for 911, depression 704 and diabetes 337. It should be borne in mind that this is principally occurring in people of working age, or with families. UK specific data shows that LBP was top cause of years lived with disability in both 1990 and 2010 – with a 12% increase over this time. Back pain accounts for 11% of the entire disability burden from all diseases in the UK; furthermore the burden is increasing both absolutely (3.7% increase) and proportionally (7% to 8.5%).

NEQOS have produced CCG and hospital Trust level activity profiles to understand the current position in terms of secondary care activity for back and radicular pain and have worked with a range of key stakeholders from both provider and commissioner organisations to develop the profiles to ensure that the indicators shown are appropriate and relevant to the project. This information needs to be viewed in conjunction with data soon to become available from Arthritis Research UK about the prevalence of back pain and associated risk factors and where possible with locally available data from general practice, including prescribing rates, and onward referrals from primary care (e.g. physiotherapy and radiology).

Technical specification

Following a data discovery exercise supported by Professor Charles Greenough (National Clinical Director for Spinal Disorders, South Tees NHS Foundation Trust), definitions for low back and radicular pain were developed based on a combination of diagnosis codes (ICD-10) and relevant secondary care procedures were identified using OPCS 4.7 codes. These codes have been supported by Mr Ashley Cole, Chair of Specialised Spinal Surgery Clinical Reference Group (Consultant Orthopaedic Surgeon, Northern General Hospital and Sheffield Children's Hospital).

Data definitions

Data Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (Health & Social Care Information Centre via HDIS). Please note that 2014/15 data is currently classed as provisional.

CCG populations: Health & Social Care Information Centre (Ages 15 & over as at April 2015) (Data was provided in 5 year ages bands, therefore we were unable to use exact figures for Ages 16 & over)

A summary of the data definitions used is shown below:

Time period: April 2011 - March 2015 Primary diagnosis = back pain (specific ICD10 codes) Limited to episode 1 Age 16 years and over Private patients are included unless specified Admission costs are based on the national tariff Directly Age & Sex Standardised Rates use the European Standard Populations

The NHS Trusts included for the Central Midlands Region are:

- Nottingham University Hospitals NHS Trust
- Royal Free London NHS Foundation Trust
- West Hertfordshire Hospitals NHS Trust
- United Lincolnshire Hospitals NHS Trust
- Buckinghamshire Healthcare NHS Trust
- University Hospitals Of Leicester NHS Trust
- East & North Hertfordshire NHS Trust
- Northampton General Hospital NHS Trust
- Kettering General Hospital NHS Foundation Trust
- Luton & Dunstable University Hospital NHS Foundation Trust
- Milton Keynes Hospital NHS Foundation Trust

The Independent Sector Providers included for the Central Midlands Region are:

- Fitzwilliam Hospital
- One Health Group Ltd
- Woodland Hospital

Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG) activity summary

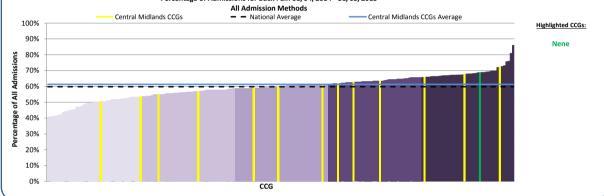
1. Hospital admissions for low back and radicular pain in people aged 16 years and over (April 2014 - March 2015), summary a. Hospital admissions at national level, indicating back pain type and admission method

England	Back	Radicular	Total	% Back	% Radicular
Elective	134,448	102,808	237,256	56.7%	43.3%
Emergency	39,331	14,309	53,640	73.3%	26.7%
Other	771	951	1,722	44.8%	55.2%
Total	174,550	118,068	292,618	59.7%	40.3%
Central			1		
Central					
Midlands CCGs	Back	Radicular	Total	% Back	% Radicular
Midlands CCGs Elective	Back 10,945	Radicular 7,546	Total 18,491	% Back 59.2%	% Radicular 40.8%
					40.8%
Elective	10,945	7,546	18,491	59.2%	40.8% 27.3%

b. Hospital admissions at CCG level, indicating proportion of admissions for back pain

Table indicates the proportion of admissions for back pain only (and not radicular pain) 50.5% t & North Hertfordshire 62.0% colnshire West t Leicestershire & Rutland st Leicestershire cester City Ifordshire 53.8% 62.7% 55.0% 63.6% th Lincolnshire on Keynes 57.0% 65.9% 59.1% 67.9% 60.0% 68.9% 61.7% 72.8% Central Midlands CCGs 61.4% England 59.8%

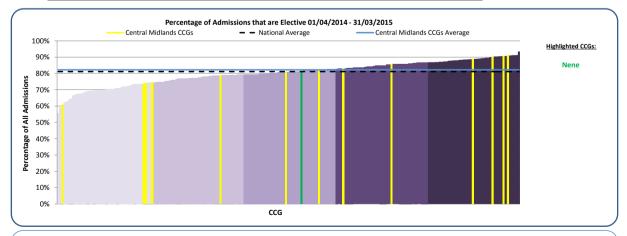




c. Hospital admissions at CCG level, by admission method

Table indicates the proportion of admissions for back and radicular pain that is recorded as elective

Central Midlands CCGs	82.2%	England	81.1%
Nene	81.4%	Lincolnshire East	91.0%
East & North Hertfordshire	80.9%	South West Lincolnshire	90.6%
Bedfordshire	78.8%	South Lincolnshire	90.1%
	74.3%	Lincolnshire West	88.7%
West Leicestershire	74.2%	Corby	85.5%
East Leicestershire & Rutland	73.8%	Herts Valleys	83.1%
Leicester City	60.9%	Milton Keynes	82.1%



What is the data telling us?

In the latest 12 month period there were almost 300,000 admissions for back and radicular pain in England, with 22,488 (7.7%) of these from patients registered within the Central Midlands CCGs.

At a national level the proportional split for hospital admissions is 60% for back pain and 40% for radicular pain, and at CCG level in the Central Midlands the proportion of admissions for back pain ranges from 50.5% to 72.8%.

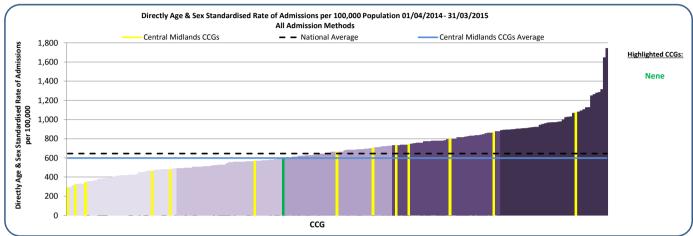
Approximately 81% of back and radicular pain admissions are elective, with the Central Midlands slightly higher than the national rate. At CCG level in the Central Midlands the proportion of elective admissions ranges from 60.9% in Leicester City to 91% in Lincoln East.

Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG) activity

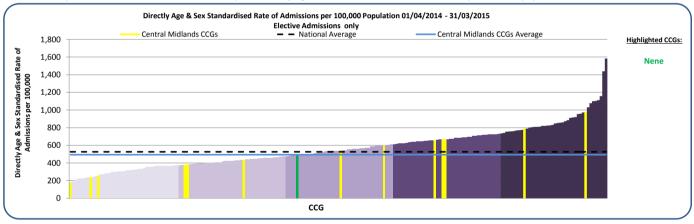
a. Hospital admissions for back pain by CC	CG (all admission methods), Directly Age & Sex Standardised Ad	Imission rate per 100,000 population
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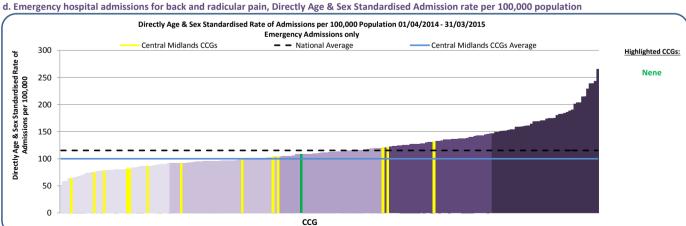
CCG name	All	Elective	Emergency	CCG name	All	Elective	Emergency
Lincolnshire East	1077.4	979.5	92.3	Nene	593.9	484.1	108.7
South Lincolnshire	873.4	785.1	87.0	Luton	569.3	436.0	131.6
Herts Valleys	796.1	668.1	121.9	Bedfordshire	482.1	380.4	98.3
Lincolnshire West	739.8	656.9	75.9	Milton Keynes	468.0	380.2	82.2
South West Lincolnshire	733.4	664.7	64.6	East Leicestershire & Rutland	348.3	257.3	82.4
Corby	702.8	598.9	103.9	West Leicestershire	323.8	238.5	78.6
East & North Hertfordshire	663.2	538.9	120.3	Leicester City	292.3	180.2	104.6
Central Midlands CCGs	598.4	493.5	100.1	England	645.6	526.5	115.4

b. Hospital admissions for back and radicular pain (all admission methods), Directly Age & Sex Standardised Admission rate per 100,000 population



c. Elective hospital admissions for back and radicular pain, Directly Age & Sex Standardised Admission rate per 100,000 population





What is the data telling us?

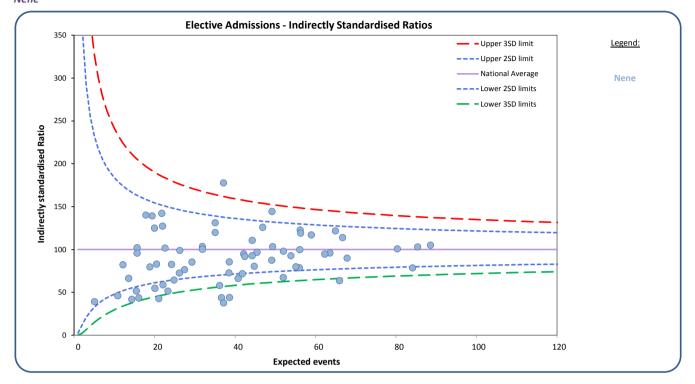
There is considerable variation in elective admission rates across the CCGs within Central Midlands with a 5.4-fold difference between the highest CCG for the region (Lincolnshire East CCG), and the regional lowest (Leicester City CCG), which has the lowest elective admission rates nationally. There is also wide variation for emergency admissions across the CCGs in the region, with over a 2-fold difference between the regional lowest (South West Lincolnshire CCG) and the highest CCG for the region (Luton CCG).

Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG) activity - GP practice level

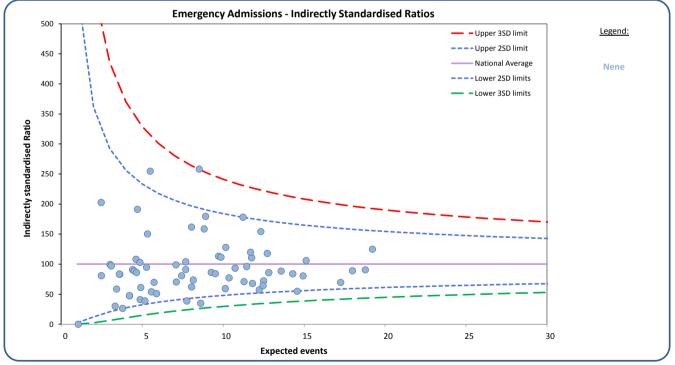
3. Hospital admissions for low back and radicular pain in people aged 16 years and over (April 2014 - March 2015) Each symbol represents one GP practice

Each symbol represents one GP practice

a. Hospital admissions for back pain (Elective admissions), Indirectly Standardised Ratio Nene







What is the data telling us?

The admission rates for elective and emergency admissions for each GP practice within the CCG are expressed as Indirectly Standardised Ratios with 100 representing the national average. This adjustment has been made due to small numbers and in order that comparisons can be made between practices.

The upper and lower confidence limits on the funnel charts above are based on national data. Each circle represents the constituent GP Practices for the selected CCG(s). All GP practices within the funnel have admission rates that are not significantly different that the national rates with those above the upper blue funnel having significantly higher rates than the national average.

4. Indirectly Standardised Ratios for Elective & Emergency Admissions for Back & Radicular Pain, by GP Practice Nene

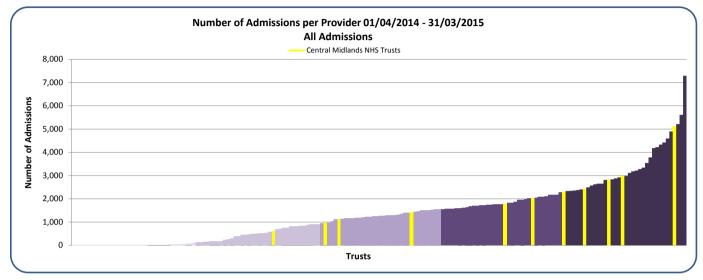
Indirectly Standardised Ratios that are coloured Red are higher than 3 standard deviations from the mean. Those coloured Yellow are between 2 and 3 higher standard deviations from the mean.

					Elective			Emergency	
Practice Code	Practice Name	CCG	Population 15+	Observed	Expected	Ratio	Observed	Expected	Ratio
K83003	Queensview Medical Centre	04G	7,052	46	35.06	131.19	8	7.69	103.96
K83004	Brackley Health Centre	04G	3,897	11	20.10	54.73	<6	4.41	90.62
K83005	Dr Wainwright & Partners	04G	9,611	44	45.47	96.78	13	10.16	127.90
K83006	Headlands Surgery	04G	8,156	40	42.16	94.89	8	9.27	86.32
K83007	Dr Wingfield & Partners	04G	9,722	71	49.18	144.37	10	10.74	93.10
K83008	The Pines Surgery	04G	6,942	33	38.57	85.55	<6	8.05	62.08
K83009	Moulton Surgery	04G	9,904	28	38.48	72.77	8	9.52	84.05
K83010	Delapre Medical Centre	04G	13,538	79	64.93	121.68	12	14.30	83.91
K83011	The Redwell Medical Centre	04G	10,079	50	53.88	92.80	11	11.46	96.00
K83012	King Edward Road Surgery	04G	9,227	41	44.23	92.70	8	10.37	77.18
K83013	Eskdaill Medical Centre	04G	10,351	51	49.33	103.39	20	11.23	178.08
K83014	Leicester Tce H/Care Ctr.	04G	11,656	35	51.99	67.32	19	12.33	154.11
K83015	Danetre Medical Practice	04G	10,636	69	56.19	122.79	8	11.82	67.70
K83018	Springfield Surgery	04G	7,626	27	40.78	66.21	<6	8.61	34.82
K83019	The Long Buckby Practice	04G	4,799	21	27.47	76.44	<6	5.57	53.85
K83020	Rillwood Medical Centre	04G	2,574	<6	10.87	46.00	<6	2.48	80.77
K83021	Rothwell Medical Centre	04G	16,754	93	88.54	105.04	17	18.78	90.51
K83022	Towcester Medical Centre	04G	6,925	21	36.17	58.05	<6	7.76	38.67
K83024	Dr Hanspaul & Partners	04G	8,731	36	44.78	80.39	11	9.72	113.22
K83025	The Mounts Medical Centre	04G	12,204	51	52.03	98.02	9	12.50	71.98
K83026	Dr Craig & Partners	04G	13,618	61	63.59	95.93	8	14.57	54.90
K83027	Langham Place Surgery	04G	8,304	42	35.07	119.78	22	8.53	258.05
K83028	Dr Bevan & Partners	04G	8,970	59	46.86	125.89	6	10.14	59.20
K83029	Abington Park Surgery	04G	10,224	43	49.12	87.54	8	11.29	70.86
K83030	The Cottons Medical Centre	04G	7,798	39	42.44	91.90	14	8.83	158.60
K83031	Byfield Medical Centre	04G	6,643	16	36.63	43.68	6	7.43	80.71
K83032	Abbey House Medical Practice	04G	16,108	81	80.33	100.83	12	17.26	69.54
K83033	Molla & Kesani	04G	2,798	9	13.58	66.29	<6	3.02	99.43
K83035	Kingsthorpe Medical Ctr.	04G	4,472	31	21.80	142.18	<6	4.91	61.04
K83036	Linden Avenue Medical Centre	04G	11,383	69	58.95	117.05	11	12.82	85.82
K83037	Dr Spencer & Partners	04G	10,561	44	55.96	78.63	13	11.76	110.53
K83039	Dryland Medical Centre	04G	10,411	56	56.08	99.85		12.23	57.23
K83040	Woodview Medical Centre	04G	7,759	66	37.14	177.69	13	8.05	161.58
K83041	St Lukes Primary Care Centre	04G	17,288	88	85.38	103.07	24	19.22	124.85
K83042	Park Avenue Medical Ctr.	04G	8,446	49	44.27	110.68	11	9.86	111.54
K83043	Abington Medical Centre	04G	11,482	67	56.29	119.02	15	12.73	117.83
K83044	Dr Hogg & Partners	04G	10,176	44	55.11	79.84	14	11.69	119.72
K83047	Abbey Medical Practice	04G	13,423	61	67.83	89.93	14	15.12	105.80
K83048	Brook Medical Centre	04G	5,091	16	24.85	64.40	<6	5.27	94.83
K83049	Washington House Surgery	04G	7,295	10	38.62	44.01	6	8.16	73.57
K83050	The Crescent Medical Ctr.	04G	3,122	16	15.67	102.09	<6	3.62	82.99
K83050	Weavers Medical	04G	13,674	76	66.72	113.92	12	14.94	80.34
K83052	Dr Hillier & Partners	04G	15,897	66	84.09	78.48	12	17.99	88.95
K83052	Crick Medical Practice	04G	4,066	12	23.32	51.45	<6	4.62	108.17
K83055	Wootton Medical Centre	04G	5,209	26	26.28	98.93	<6	4.02 5.74	69.74
				20					
K83056	County Surgery	04G	3,274		16.09	43.51	<6	3.59	83.49
K83058 K83064	Clarence Avenue Surgery The Saxon Spires Practice	04G 04G	3,767	27 42	19.38 65.95	139.28 63.68	<6 12	4.22 13.58	47.37 88.35
	•		12,250 4,748						
K83065	Dr Cotterell & Partners	04G		19	26.18	72.57	8	5.33	150.12
K83066	Greens Norton & Weedon Medical Practice	04G	10,747	59	62.28	94.73	8	12.47	64.17
K83068	Denton Village Surgery	04G	5,082	25	29.29	85.36	<6	5.89	50.94
K83069	Dr Alexander	04G	2,082	10	12.17	82.18	<6	2.47	202.58
K83070	Bugbrooke Medical Practice	04G	8,075	30	41.83	71.72	16	8.92	179.43
K83076	Jameel	04G	3,091	6	14.34	41.84	<6	3.09	97.08
K83077	Greenview Surgery	04G	6,076	33	31.90	103.46	7	7.09	98.72
K83079	Wollaston & Bozeat Surgeries	04G	4,001	28	22.01	127.24	<6	4.51	88.70
K83080	Higham Ferrers Surgery	04G	4,229	13	22.10	58.82	<6	4.88	41.00
K83081	Summerlee Medical Centre	04G	965	<6	5.11	39.18		1.05	
K83601	Earls Barton Medical Centre	04G	4,311	20	24.23	82.54	<6	4.87	102.75
K83610	Danes Camp Medical Centre	04G	6,820	32	31.90	100.32	<6	7.11	70.32
K83616	The Meadows Surgery	04G	4,389	23	22.62	101.66	<6	4.65	85.95
K83618	Dr Abbas	04G	4,766	17	20.51	82.90	9	4.70	191.29
K83619	Penvale Park Medical Ctr	04G	3,438	15	15.67	95.71	<6	3.42	58.49
K83620	The Brook Health Centre	04G	7,009	14	37.15	37.68	7	7.69	91.01
K83621	Maple Access Partnership Llp	04G	5,973	15	18.84	79.63	14	5.50	254.72
K83625	Dr Oliver Dk	04G	3,676	25	17.83	140.18	<6	3.79	26.37
Y00028	Kings Health & Lings Brook Practice	04G	5,345	9	21.07	42.71	<6	5.17	38.67
Y00399	Dr Pasquali	04G	3,590	25	20.01	124.96	<6	4.21	47.51
Y01139	Dr Datta & Partners	04G	3,178	8	15.47	51.70	<6	3.33	30.01

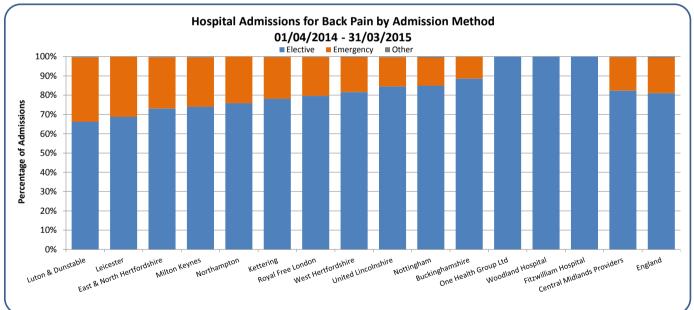
5. Hospital admissions for low back and radicular pain in people aged 16 years and over (April 2014 - March 2015)

a. Number of hospital admissions for back pain (all admission methods, NHS Trusts only)





b. Number of admissions per hospital Trust, by admission method (Central Midlands Providers only)



What is the data telling us?

The total number of admissions for back pain is presented due to the absence of a relevant denominator at hospital Trust level. Activity for the 9 NHS Trusts is to some degree proportional to the size of the Trust and is spread across the quintile chart.

The proportion of hospital activity for back pain which is classed as elective care is slightly higher than the England proportion for the Central Midlands providers overall, however at NHS Trust level the proportion this varies between 67% at Luton and Dunstable to 89% at Buckinghamshire. All NHS activity at independent sector providers is classed as elective.

5. Hospital admissions for low back and radicular pain in people aged 16 years and over (April 2014 - March 2015) c. Elective admissions for back and radicular pain, by treatment specialty (Central Midlands Providers only)

	Pain						
	Management &	Trauma &	Spinal Surgery	Interventional			
Provider Name	Anaesthetics	Orthopaedics	Service	Radiology	Neurosurgery	Other Functions	Total
United Lincolnshire	2,055	<6	-	-	-	<6	2,055
Nottingham	2,338	<6	1,881	-	103	11	4,333
Leicester	553	819	-	<6	-	17	1,389
Kettering	494	374	-	-	-	9	877
Northampton	969	113	-	-	-	<6	1,082
Milton Keynes	445	14	-	-	-	<6	459
East & North Hertfordshire	725	574	-	-	-	<6	1,299
Luton & Dunstable	111	89	427	-	-	12	639
Buckinghamshire	1,162	728	-	140	-	11	2,041
West Hertfordshire	601	1,691	<6	-	-	11	2,303
Royal Free London	1,196	1,002	-	-	-	176	2,374
Fitzwilliam Hospital	500	214	890	-	-	13	1,617
Woodland Hospital	271	175	66	-	-	-	512
One Health Group Ltd	-	14	-	-	1,106	-	1,120
Total	11,420	5,807	3,264	140	1,209	260	22,100

d. Elective admissions for injections for back and radicular pain, by injection type and treatment specialty (national data)

Treatment Function Title	Other Back Pain Injection	Epidural (not specified)	Epidural Lumbar	Epidural Sacral	Injection Facet Joint	Spinal Nerve Root Injection	Total
Pain Management & Anaesthetics	11,485	1,572	19,926	12,780	46,506	12,482	104,751
Trauma & Orthopaedics	1,286	175	4,190	15,658	10,080	11,518	42,907
Spinal Surgery Service	200	60	590	1,430	2,338	3,571	8,189
Neurosurgery	191	123	1,074	600	1,270	1,303	4,561
Interventional Radiology	14	1	18	3	656	2,961	3,653
Rheumatology	38	12	138	2,428	390	32	3,038
Other Treatment Functions	24	10	81	278	223	591	1,207
Total	13,238	1,953	26,017	33,177	61,463	32,458	168,306

What is the data telling us?

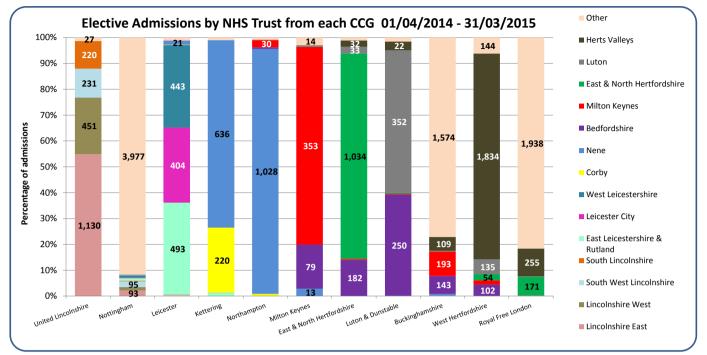
For elective activity the treatment specialty code indicated within the hospital data varies by hospital trust. Overall the most common specialties are trauma and orthopaedics and pain management, however for Nottingham and Luton & Dunstable Hospitals a high volume of activity is recorded within spinal surgery service and the One Health Group records the majority of their activity under Neurosurgery.

The second table shows the different types of injections being undertaken within each of the treatment function codes and demonstrates that nationally over 62% (104,751) of injections take place within Pain Management/Anaesthetics and 25% of injections are undertaken within Trauma and Orthopaedics.

The most common injection type is facet joint injections, which mainly take place within Pain Management/Anaesthetics treatment function, but are also being used in Trauma and Orthopaedics, Spinal Surgery Service and Neurosurgery.

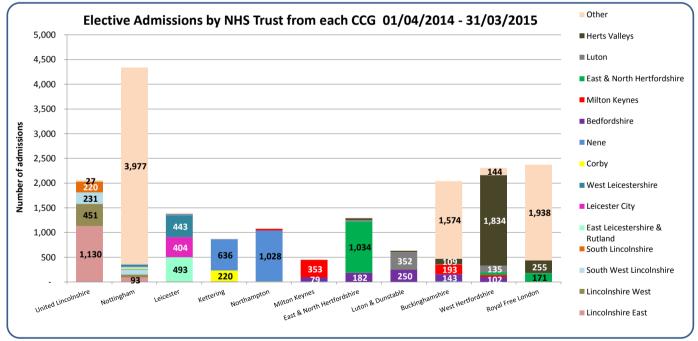
Hospital Trust activity from CCGs

6. Patient flows from CCG to Hospital Trust for back and radicular pain in people aged 16 years and over (April 2014 - March 2015)



a. Hospital elective admissions by CCG population (percentage of activity)

b. Hospital elective admissions by CCG population (actual activity)



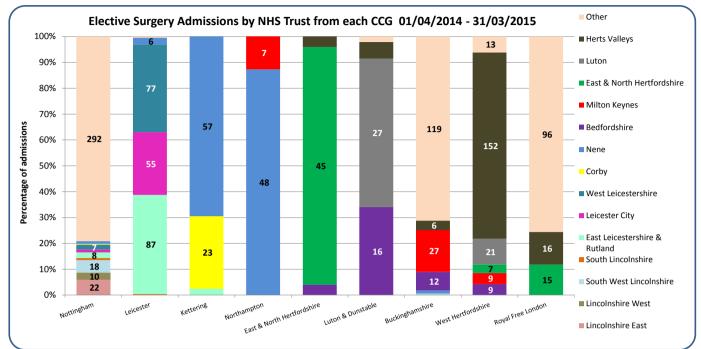
What is the data telling us?

There is variation between hospital trusts in terms of the number of patients from each of the CCGs that are admitted for back and radicular pain. Some high volume providers are located outside of the Central Midlands CCG boundary (i.e. Nottingham, Royal Free London and Buckinghamshire Hospital) and the majority of their patients are coming from CCGs outside of Central Midlands. We have included them in this report as they provide similar spinal surgery activity to some of the other providers located within the Central Midlands CCGs.

The data is shown in two ways, indicating both the proportion and amount of activity relating to each CCG.

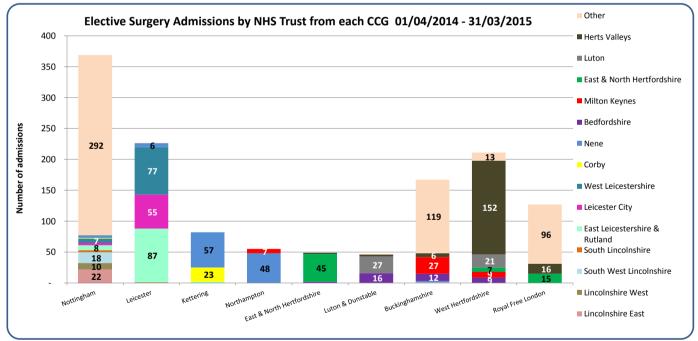
Hospital Trust activity from CCGs

6. Patient flows from CCG to Hospital Trust for back and radicular pain in people aged 16 years and over (April 2014 - March 2015)



c. Hospital elective admissions for surgery by CCG population (percentage of activity)

d. Hospital elective admissions for surgery by CCG population (actual activity)



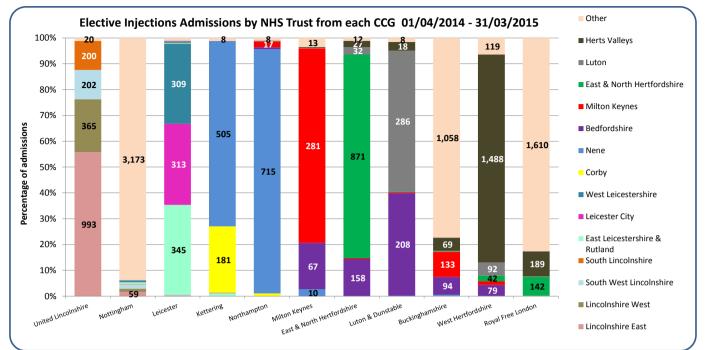
What is the data telling us?

There is variation between hospital trusts in terms of the number of patients from each of the CCGs that are admitted for spinal surgery for back and radicular pain. Some high volume providers are located outside of the Central Midlands CCG boundary (i.e. Nottingham, Royal Free London and Buckinghamshire Hospital) and the majority of their patients are coming from CCGs outside of Central Midlands. We have included them in this report as they provide similar spinal surgery activity to some of the other providers located within the Central Midlands CCGs. Nottingham has the highest activity for spinal surgery overall but more patients from the Central Midlands CCGs have spinal surgery at Leicester and West Hertfordshire hospitals.

The data is shown in two ways, indicating both the proportion and amount of activity relating to each CCG.

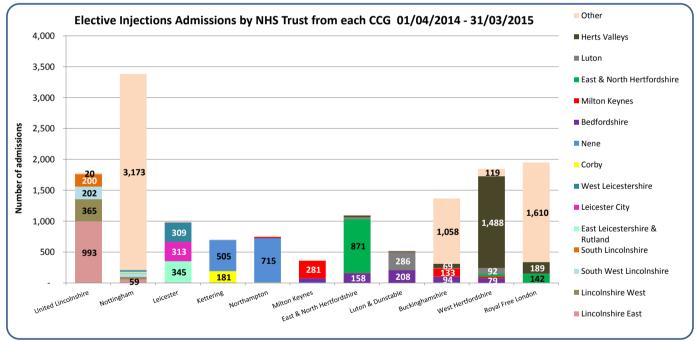
Hospital Trust activity from CCGs

6. Patient flows from CCG to Hospital Trust for back and radicular pain in people aged 16 years and over (April 2014 - March 2015)



e. Hospital elective admissions for injections by CCG population (percentage of activity)

f. Hospital elective admissions for injections by CCG population (actual activity)



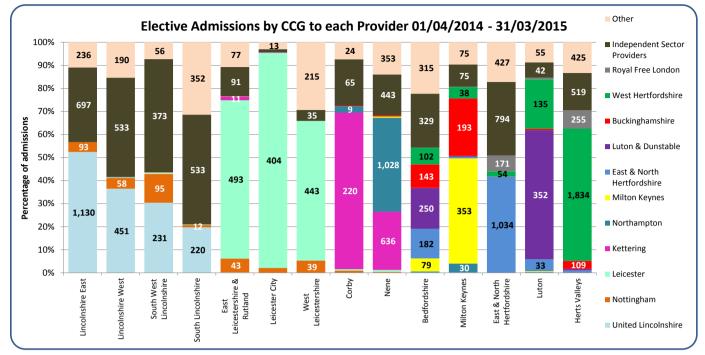
What is the data telling us?

There is variation between hospital trusts in terms of the number of patients from each of the CCGs that are admitted for injections for back and radicular pain. Some high volume providers are located outside of the Central Midlands CCG boundary (i.e. Nottingham, Royal Free London and Buckinghamshire Hospital) and the majority of their patients are coming from CCGs outside of Central Midlands. We have included them in this report as they provide similar spinal surgery activity to some of the other providers located within the Central Midlands CCGs. Nottingham has the highest activity for injections overall but more patients from the Central Midlands CCGs have injections at United Lincolnshire and West Hertfordshire hospitals.

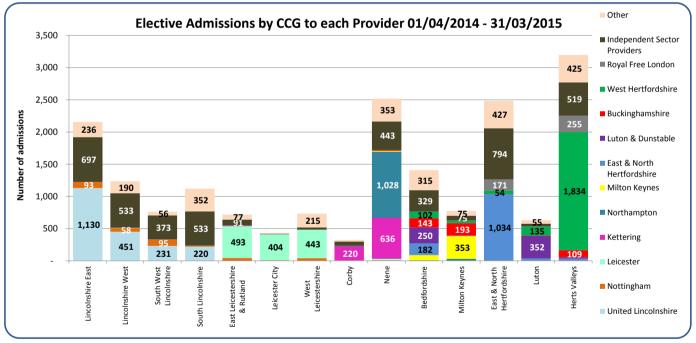
The data is shown in two ways, indicating both the proportion and amount of activity relating to each CCG.

CCG activity to Hospital Trust

7. Patient flows to Hospital Trusts from CCGs for back pain in people aged 16 years and over (April 2014 - March 2015) a. Hospital elective admissions by CCG population (percentage of activity)



b. Hospital elective admissions from each CCG (actual activity)



What is the data telling us?

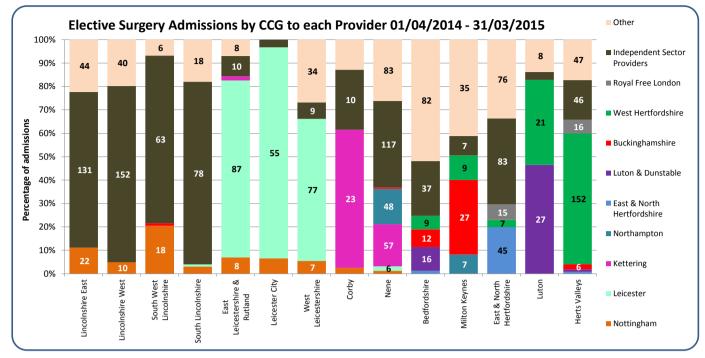
There is variation between CCGs in terms of the number of the number of hospital trusts that their patients are admitted to. Bedfordshire CCG patients attend five of the acute hospital trusts as well as using Independent Sector Providers which is in contrast to the 3 CCGs across Leicester that use mainly Leicester Hospitals.

Activity is highest for Herts Valley CCG and is spread across several providers. The 4 CCGs across Lincolnshire have the highest proportion of Independent Sector activity.

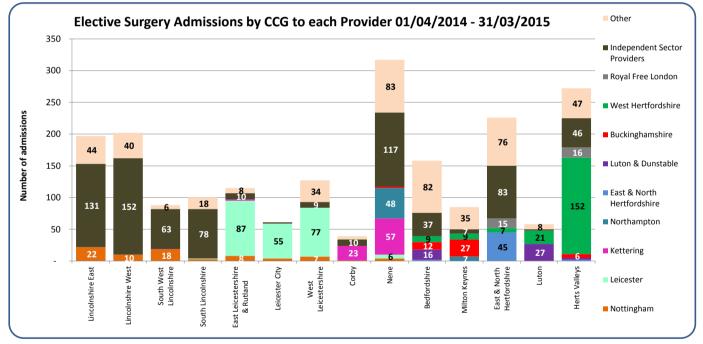
The data is shown in two ways, indicating both the proportion and amount of activity relating to each hospital trust.

CCG activity to Hospital Trust

7. Patient flows to Hospital Trusts from CCGs for back pain in people aged 16 years and over (April 2014 - March 2015) c. Hospital elective admissions for surgery by CCG population (percentage of activity)



d. Hospital elective admissions for surgery from each CCG (actual activity)



What is the data telling us?

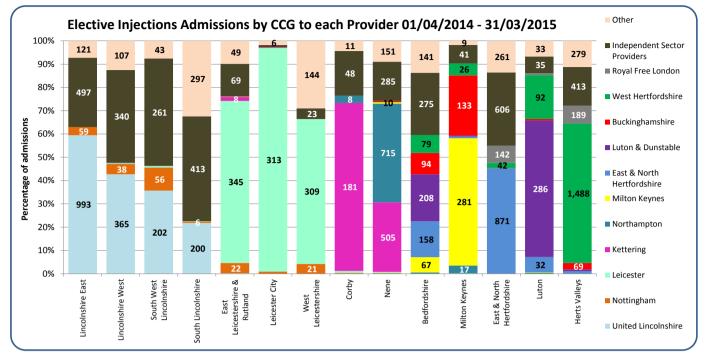
There is variation between CCGs in terms of the number of the number of hospital trusts that their patients are admitted to for spinal surgery. Nene CCG has the highest number of admissions for surgery and patients attend at least three of the acute hospital trusts as well as using Independent Sector Providers which is in contrast to the 3 CCGs across Leicester that use mainly Leicester Hospitals.

The 4 CCGs across Lincolnshire have the highest proportion of Independent Sector activity.

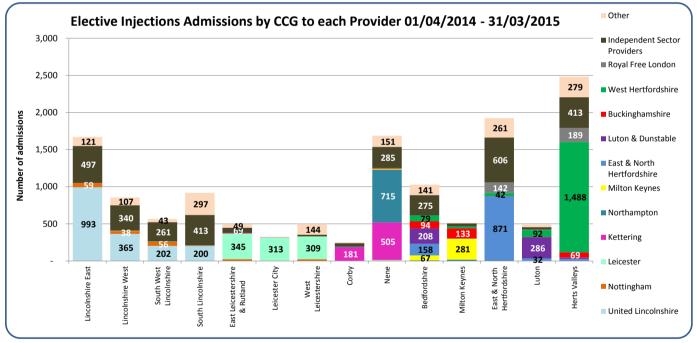
The data is shown in two ways, indicating both the proportion and amount of activity relating to each hospital trust.

CCG activity to Hospital Trust

7. Patient flows to Hospital Trusts from CCGs for back pain in people aged 16 years and over (April 2014 - March 2015) e. Hospital elective admissions for injections by CCG population (percentage of activity)



f. Hospital elective admissions for injections from each CCG (actual activity)



What is the data telling us?

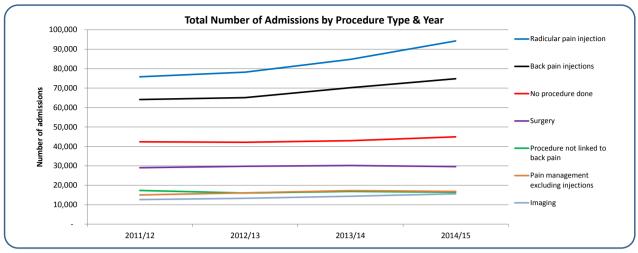
There is variation between CCGs in terms of the number of the number of hospital trusts that their patients are admitted to for injections. Herts Valley CCG has the highest number of admissions for injections and patients attend at least three of the acute hospital trusts as well as using Independent Sector Providers which is in contrast to the 3 CCGs across Leicester that use mainly Leicester Hospitals.

The 4 CCGs across Lincolnshire have the highest proportion of Independent Sector activity.

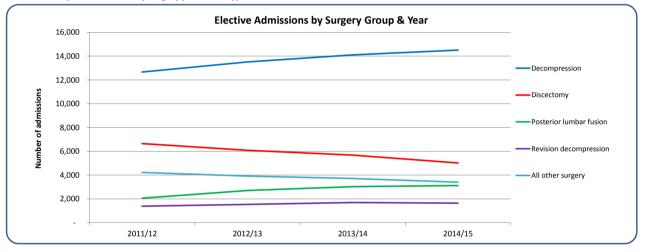
The data is shown in two ways, indicating both the proportion and amount of activity relating to each hospital trust.

Hospital Trust activity (national level)

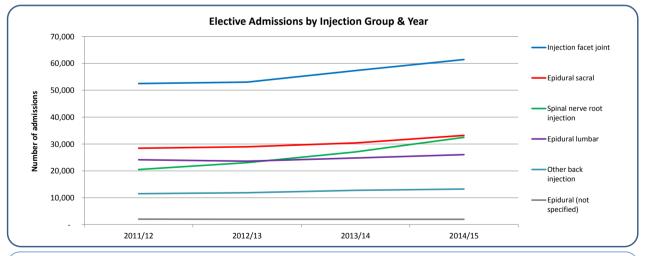
8. Hospital admissions for low back and radicular pain in people aged 16 years and over (1st April 2011 - 31st March 2015) a. Hospital admissions by procedure type over time (all admission types)



b. Elective hospital admissions by surgery procedure type over time



c. Hospital admissions by injection procedure type over time



What is the data telling us?

These charts show national trends in the types of procedures undertaken during elective admissions including a group where no procedure was undertaken during their admission. There is also a category listed as 'procedure not linked to back pain' which reports admission activity where there is a primary diagnosis of back pain but with a procedure not linked to back pain.

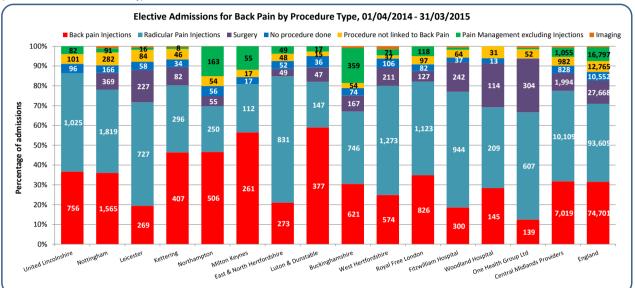
The main procedure type relating to elective admissions are for back and radicular pain injections which has increased from a combined total of just under 140,000 to 170,000 episodes over the four year period. This is in stark contrast to number of admissions related to surgery which has remained relatively constant at 30,000 admissions per year. The proportion of admissions with no procedure reported has remained at approximately 15-16% of all activity.

The charts in sections b and c show the elective admissions over time specifically for different groups of surgery procedures and injections.

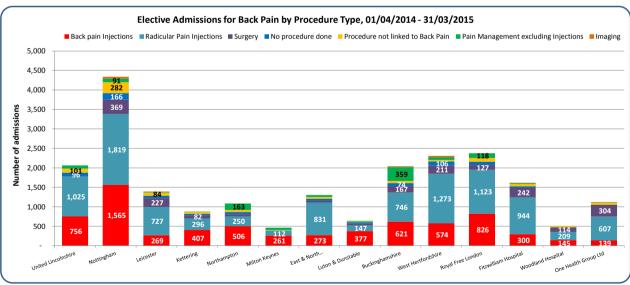
- 9. Elective hospital admissions for low back and radicular pain in people aged 16 years and over (April 2014 March 2015)
- a. Elective hospital admissions by procedure type (national level including all providers)

Procedure type	Back	Radicular	Total	%
Radicular Pain Injections	40,034	53,571	93,605	39.5%
Back Pain Injections	62,317	12,384	74,701	31.5%
Surgery	3,925	23,743	27,668	11.7%
Pain Management excluding Injections	13,150	3,647	16,797	7.1%
Procedure not linked to Back Pain	8,197	4,568	12,765	5.4%
No procedure done	6,060	4,492	10,552	4.4%
Imaging	712	373	1,085	0.5%
Other Non-Surgical	53	30	83	0.0%
Total	134,448	102,808	237,256	100%

b. Number of elective admissions per hospital Trust, by procedure type (percentage of activity) (Central Midlands Providers only)



c. Number of elective admissions per hospital Trust, by procedure type (actual activity) (Central Midlands Providers only)



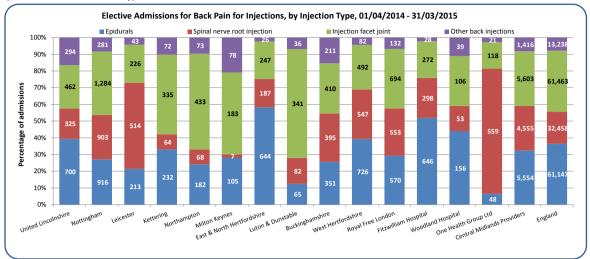
What is the data telling us?

The table shows the number of procedures done in the latest 12 month period, by procedure type, with injections being the most common elective procedure. Nationally only 4.4% of elective admissions have no procedure recorded (compared to 15-16% of all admission types - see previous sheet).

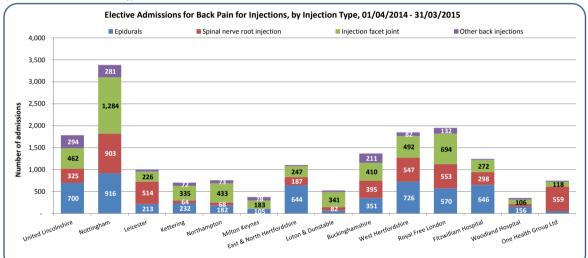
Eight of the Central Midlands Trusts have a higher proportion of elective activity for injections than the England rate and it is possible that the variation is due to differences in the point of delivery of care across hospital Trusts (for example it is possible that activity may also take place as outpatient procedures). Leicester Trust has a notably higher proportion of admissions for surgery compared to the other NHS Trusts.

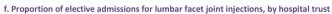
The data is shown in two ways, indicating both the proportion and amount of activity relating to each procedure.

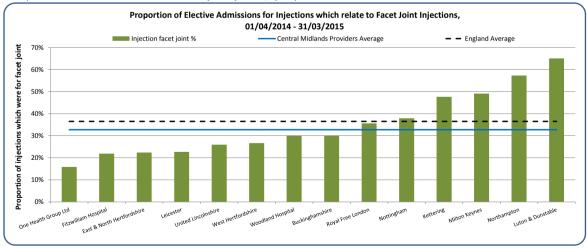
9. Elective hospital admissions for low back and radicular pain in people aged 16 years and over (April 2014 - March 2015) d. Number of elective admissions for injections per hospital Trust, by injection type (percentage of activity) (Central Midlands Providers only)



e. Number of elective admissions for injections per hospital Trust, by injection type (actual activity) (Central Midlands Providers only)



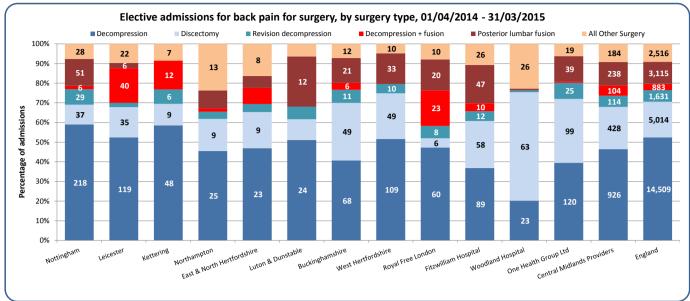




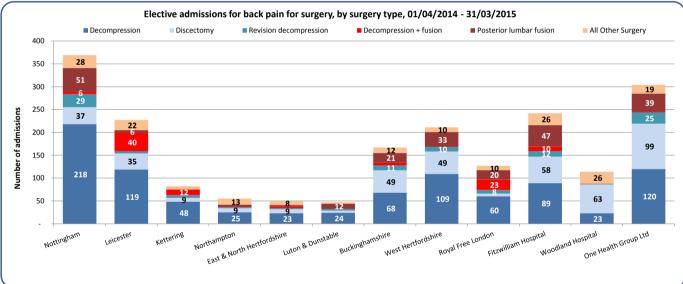
What is the data telling us?

Spinal nerve root joint injections are more frequently done within the Central Midlands, constituting almost 27% of injection activity compared to 19% across England as a whole. The data is shown in two ways, indicating both the proportion and amount of activity relating to each CCG. The proportion of facet joint injections done at Trust level ranges from 16% to 65% compared to the England figure of 37%.

9. Elective hospital admissions for low back and radicular pain in people aged 16 years and over (April 2014 - March 2015) g. Number of elective admissions for surgery per hospital Trust, by surgery type (percentage of activity) (Central Midlands Providers only)



h. Number of elective admissions for surgery per hospital Trust, by surgery type (actual activity) (Central Midlands Providers only)



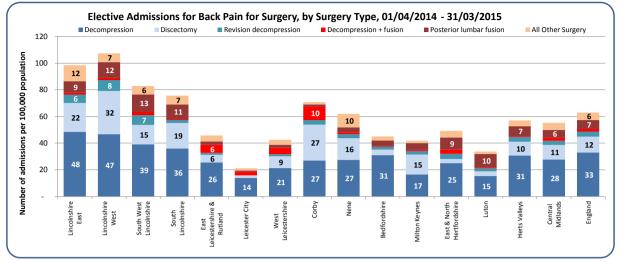
What is the data telling us?

The charts above show the range in activity relating specifically to elective admissions for surgery, by type of surgery, for the Central Midlands Trusts. Overall across the Central Midlands Trusts there is a higher proportion of spinal fusions compared to England and there are variations at Trust level with the Royal Free and Fitzwilliam providers doing higher proportions of fusions. Decompression is the most common surgical procedure for back pain across the NHS Trusts.

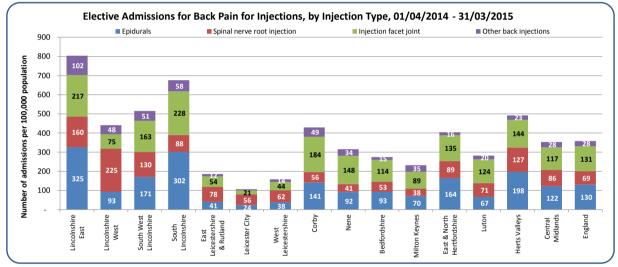
The data is shown in two ways, indicating both the proportion and amount of activity relating to each surgery type.

CCG activity by back pain procedure group

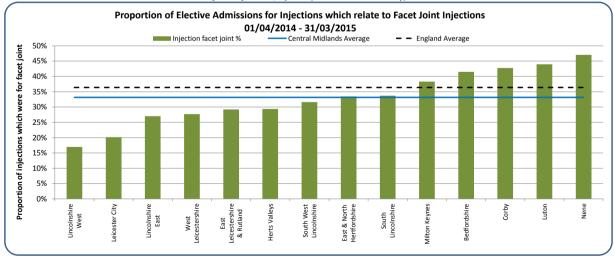
10. Elective hospital admissions for low back and radicular pain in people aged 16 years and over (April 2014 - March 2015) a. Number of elective admissions for surgery per CCG, by surgery type (Central Midlands only)



b. Number of elective admissions for injections per CCG, by injection type (Central Midlands only)







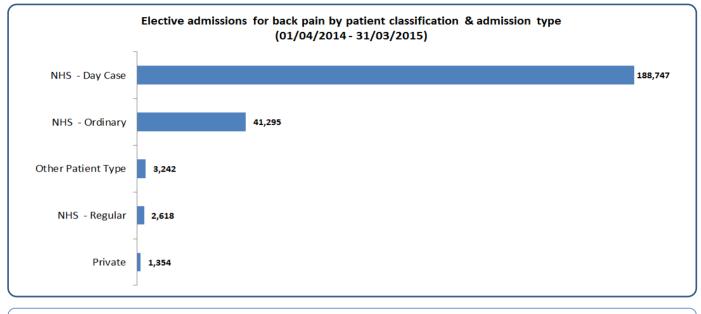
What is the data telling us?

Chart 10a shows the range in the activity rate relating specifically to elective admissions for surgery, by type of surgery, for the Central Midlands CCGs, with chart 9b showing the same for injections.

Overall, Central Midlands CCGs have lower rates of surgery per 100,00 and similar rates of injections compared to England but there is wide variation between the CCGs within Central Midlands. There is a 5-fold difference in surgery admissions between Leicester City and Lincoln West and an 8-fold difference between Leicester City and Lincoln East for injection admissions.

The proportion of facet joint injections done at CCG level ranges from 17% to 47% compared to the England figure of 37%.

11. Hospital admissions for low back and radicular pain in people aged 16 years and over (April 2014 - March 2015) a. Elective admissions for back pain by patient classification and type, all providers

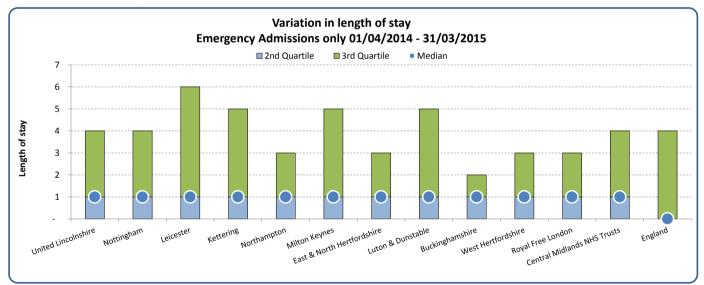


Other Patient Types are Amenity patients and Category II patients, and where the Administrative Category is unknown.

b. Elective admissions for back pain, average length of stay by provider

67% of elective admissions for back pain are day cases, therefore the range in length of stay has not been calculated.

c. Emergency admissions for back pain, average length of stay by provider (*Central Midlands Trusts only*)



What is the data telling us?

Over 98% of elective admissions for back pain in the current data extraction relate to NHS patients, with just over 0.5% relating to private patients.

The boxplot indicates the variation in length of stay for emergency admissions to the Central Midlands Trusts and shows that all Trusts have a higher median length of stay (1 days), compared to the England rate of zero days.

Hospital Trust Activity Total Costs

12. Total costs to the commissioner for hospital admissions for low back and radicular pain in people aged 16 years and over (April 2014 - March 2015)

a. Total Costs by Admission Method Type (Central Midlands FTs only)

Provider Name	Ele	ctive	Em	ergency	Oth	er	Tot	al
Nottingham	£	4,897,379	£	1,090,109	£	91,265	£	6,078,753
West Hertfordshire	£	2,645,187	£	641,454	£	34,600	£	3,321,242
Royal Free London	£	2,021,281	£	763,347	£	15,272	£	2,799,899
Leicester	£	1,726,764	£	876,513	£	2,258	£	2,605,535
Buckinghamshire	£	2,091,169	£	290,480	£	2,476	£	2,384,125
East & North Hertfordshire	£	1,078,787	£	501,569	£	19,800	£	1,600,155
United Lincolnshire	£	1,171,633	£	408,665	£	17,297	£	1,597,595
Kettering	£	853,214	£	318,281	£	6,799	£	1,178,294
Northampton	£	786,968	£	362,171	£	-	£	1,149,139
Luton & Dunstable	£	648,787	£	405,703	£	2,969	£	1,057,459
Milton Keynes	£	252,015	£	213,758	£	7,791	£	473,564
Total	£	18,173,185	£	5,872,049	£	200,526	£	24,245,760

b. Total Costs by Procedure Type (Central Midlands FTs only)

													Pain					
									Procedure not				Management					
			Rad	icular pain	Bac	k pain	No procedure		linked to back				excluding		Other N	on-		
Provider Name	Sur	gery	Inje	ctions	Inje	ctions	don	e	pain		Ima	ging	Injec	tions	Surgical		Tot	al
Nottingham	£	2,267,213	£	1,222,173	£	962,850	£	480,023	£	635,300	£	362,759	£	148,434	£	-	£	6,078,753
West Hertfordshire	£	1,150,320	£	962,734	£	422,899	£	409,143	£	102,061	£	219,746	£	54,339	£	-	£	3,321,242
Royal Free London	£	668,955	£	757,761	£	489,819	£	346,433	£	234,198	£	225,858	£	76,874	£	-	£	2,799,899
Leicester	£	1,062,797	£	465,075	£	146,341	£	478,150	£	226,321	£	216,268	£	10,582	£	-	£	2,605,535
Buckinghamshire	£	934,854	£	527,378	£	356,579	£	106,773	£	123,046	£	121,896	£	213,600	£	-	£	2,384,125
East & North Hertfordshire	£	237,005	£	597,169	£	183,531	£	321,601	£	90,002	£	142,641	£	28,207	£	-	£	1,600,155
United Lincolnshire	£	-	£	663,650	£	385,438	£	199,079	£	96,103	£	184,053	£	69,272	£	-	£	1,597,595
Kettering	£	390,278	£	197,572	£	248,546	£	150,518	£	92,221	£	87,692	£	11,467	£	-	£	1,178,294
Northampton	£	250,002	£	159,325	£	277,265	£	167,048	£	78,706	£	131,131	£	85,662	£	-	£	1,149,139
Luton & Dunstable	£	270,283	£	99,903	£	260,098	£	213,448	£	76,508	£	115,722	£	18,946	£	2,552	£	1,057,459
Milton Keynes	£	-	£	77,000	£	141,956	£	114,864	£	28,213	£	83,381	£	28,150	£	-	£	473,564
Total	£	7,231,708	£	5,729,739	£	3,875,320	£	2,987,080	£	1,782,680	£	1,891,149	£	745,534	£	2,552	£	24,245,760

What is the data telling us?

Across all Central Midlands Trusts in 2014/15 the total cost to commissioners for back and radicular pain admissions was almost £24.3 million, with 75% of the costs attributed to elective activity. Note that these costs are by provider Trust and will include activity for CCGs outside of the Central Midlands region.

Activity at Nottingham Hospitals accounts for 25% of the total spend for the Central Midlands.

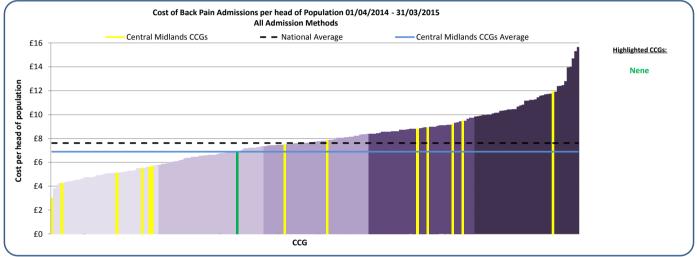
The surgery procedures group accounts for almost 30% of the total cost of all procedures, and the cost of injections is an ad ditional 40% of the total.

CCG Activity Total Costs

13. Hospital admissions Total Cost for low back and radicular pain in people aged 16 years and over (April 2014 - March 2015) a. All Admission Methods - Table

		All Adr	niss	sions		Elective A	۱dm	issions		Emergency	/ Adr	nissions	
													Registered
	Cost per head					st per head			Cos	t per head			Population
Responsible CCG Name	of F	opulation	Total Cost		of Population		Total Cost		of Population		Total Cost		(Ages 15+)
Leicester City	£	3.04	£	935,602	£	1.72	£	530,684	£	1.13	£	348,452	308,125
West Leicestershire	£	4.30	£	1,354,147	£	3.13	£	985,204	£	1.01	£	317,076	314,855
East Leicestershire & Rutland	£	5.15	£	1,387,149	£	3.56	£	958,508	£	1.29	£	346,168	269,183
Bedfordshire	£	5.54	£	2,076,673	£	4.06	£	1,522,164	£	1.41	£	527,683	375,067
Luton	£	5.63	£	985,644	£	4.07	£	712,470	£	1.55	£	271,083	175,060
Milton Keynes	£	5.72	£	1,274,851	£	4.36	£	970,675	£	1.09	£	242,000	222,774
Nene	£	6.93	£	3,708,242	£	5.53	£	2,963,789	£	1.37	£	734,113	535,484
East & North Hertfordshire	£	7.52	£	3,605,689	£	6.03	£	2,892,869	£	1.40	£	670,556	479,374
Corby	£	7.84	£	465,716	£	6.42	£	381,042	£	1.43	£	84,675	59,396
Herts Valleys	£	8.83	£	4,490,493	£	7.06	£	3,591,236	£	1.55	£	787,638	508,335
South West Lincolnshire	£	8.95	£	984,185	£	8.05	£	884,550	£	0.75	£	81,987	109,916
South Lincolnshire	£	9.25	£	1,258,991	£	8.00	£	1,089,233	£	1.16	£	158,434	136,155
Lincolnshire West	£	9.49	£	1,847,553	£	8.38	£	1,631,041	£	0.88	£	171,031	194,705
Lincolnshire East	£	11.91	£	2,480,900	£	10.29	£	2,144,404	£	1.49	£	310,710	208,321
Central Midlands Total	£	6.89	£	26,855,837	£	5.46	£	21,257,867	£	1.30	£	5,051,608	3,896,750

b. All Admission Methods - Quintile Chart



c. Elective Admissions only, by Procedure Type

													Pain	1				
									Proc	edure not			Mar	nagement			-	Total Cost
			Rad	licular pain	Bac	k pain	No pro	ocedure	linke	d to back			excl	uding	Othe	r Non-		
Responsible CCG Name	Sur	gery	Inje	ctions	Inje	ctions	done		pain		Imagi	ng	Inje	ctions	Surg	ical		
Herts Valleys	£	1,380,838	£	1,178,465	£	576,887	£	25,503	£	285,364	£	28,007	£	116,172	£	-	£	3,591,236
Nene	£	1,497,950	£	436,201	£	548,038	£	10,243	£	327,243	£	7,258	£	136,856	£	-	£	2,963,789
East & North Hertfordshire	£	1,259,001	£	815,773	£	460,657	£	3,033	£	227,876	£	4,282	£	119,969	£	2,278	£	2,892,869
Lincolnshire East	£	915,972	£	638,290	£	344,300	£	5,984	£	179,951	£	15,334	£	43,874	£	699	£	2,144,404
Lincolnshire West	£	902,030	£	382,252	£	142,816	£	1,875	£	138,755	£	2,796	£	60,517	£	-	£	1,631,041
Bedfordshire	£	720,975	£	308,117	£	256,324	£	10,648	£	132,429	£	5,626	£	88,046	£	-	£	1,522,164
South Lincolnshire	£	452,931	£	345,638	£	208,109	£	10,122	£	48,895	£	1,398	£	22,139	£	-	£	1,089,233
West Leicestershire	£	576,539	£	196,270	£	104,800	£	2,197	£	90,855	£	1,714	£	12,828	£	-	£	985,204
Milton Keynes	£	469,146	£	161,965	£	152,618	£	1,316	£	131,256	£	2,437	£	51,938	£	-	£	970,675
East Leicestershire & Rutland	£	518,035	£	194,764	£	97,964	£	602	£	114,647	£	7,521	£	24,976	£	-	£	958,508
South West Lincolnshire	£	429,616	£	217,282	£	127,989	£	-	£	89,053	£	716	£	19,894	£	-	£	884,550
Luton	£	331,781	£	168,129	£	161,185	£	1,210	£	21,814	£	3,273	£	25,077	£	-	£	712,470
Leicester City	£	270,894	£	150,868	£	43,153	£	1,031	£	58,446	£	4,296	£	1,995	£	-	£	530,684
Corby	£	170,747	£	70,970	£	82,697	£	-	£	56,119	£	-	£	509	£	-	£	381,042

What is the data telling us?

There is wide variation across the CCGs in Central Midlands in cost per head of population for admissions related to back and radicular pain.

Lincolnshire East CCG has the highest spend per head of population regionally (£11.91) driven mainly by high costs for elective admissions. Leicester City CCG has the lowest costs per head for both emergency and elective admissions regionally (£3.04) and this is also the lowest cost per head nationally.

The final table shows the total spend for elective admissions for each CCG for 2014/15 (based on national tariff) and includes a breakdown of this spend by procedure type. Surgery generally accounts for the majority of spend but we observe that for some CCGs in the region more is spent on injections compared to what is spent on surgery; most notably in Herts Valley where the surgery spend is £1.38M and injection spend is £1.75M.

14. Back & Radicular Pain Admissions Breakdown for the Central Midlands Region

Highlighted Provider Data is included in this report (Red=Complex Spinal Provider, Blue=NHS Trust & Green=Independent Sector Provider)

		1 1	tive Admission		• .	Other Admission	
	Provider Name WEST HERTFORDSHIRE HOSPITALS NHS TRUST	Surgery	Injections	Other 238	Admissions 463	Types 9	Total
	WEST HERTFORDSHIRE HOSPITALS NHS TRUST UNITED LINCOLNSHIRE HOSPITALS NHS TRUST	198	1,728 1,761	238	463 341	9	2,63 2,38
	UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS OF LEICESTER NHS TRUST	226	985	163	615	<6	2,58
	EAST AND NORTH HERTFORDSHIRE NHS TRUST	49	1,092	105	450	8	1,55
	NORTHAMPTON GENERAL HOSPITAL NHS TRUST	55	748	273	338	-	1,41
	KETTERING GENERAL HOSPITAL NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	82	695	91	240	<6	, 1,11
VC06 I	FITZWILLIAM HOSPITAL	168	808	90		-	1,06
RC9 I	LUTON AND DUNSTABLE UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	46	516	67	309	<6	94
	MILTON KEYNES HOSPITAL NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	-	360	88	142	<6	59
	ONE HEALTH GROUP LTD	141	347	37		-	52
	ROYAL FREE LONDON NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	31	339	66	85	-	52
	WOODLAND HOSPITAL	114	353	44		-	51
	BUCKINGHAMSHIRE HEALTHCARE NHS TRUST	48	309	110	32	-	49
	NOTTINGHAM UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS NHS TRUST PETERBOROUGH AND STAMFORD HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	77	211 325	73 26	66 71	14 <6	44
	ROYAL NATIONAL ORTHOPAEDIC HOSPITAL NHS TRUST	- 37	268	26 96	<6	<0	42 40
	RIVERS HOSPITAL	61	208	46	~0	_	38
	CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	90	90	73	112	10	37
	PINEHILL HOSPITAL	<6	298	38		-	34
	THE PRINCESS ALEXANDRA HOSPITAL NHS TRUST	43	126	16	102	-	28
	UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS COVENTRY AND WARWICKSHIRE NHS TRUST	51	133	68	28	-	28
атн о	OXFORD UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS NHS TRUST	89	31	98	34	11	26
RRV I	UNIVERSITY COLLEGE LONDON HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	34	108	52	9	22	22
NT405 I	BMI - BISHOPS WOOD	<6	199	23		-	22
NTP13 I	BARLBOROUGH NHS TREATMENT CENTRE	82	102	<6		-	18
	BOSTON WEST HOSPITAL	-	145	42		-	18
	BMI - THE KINGS OAK HOSPITAL	<6	147	31		-	18
	BMI - THE MANOR HOSPITAL	-	169	<6		-	17
	BEDFORD HOSPITAL NHS TRUST	-	<6	<6	147	<6	15
	NORTHERN LINCOLNSHIRE AND GOOLE NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	-	44	62	24	-	13
	HULL AND EAST YORKSHIRE HOSPITALS NHS TRUST	23	82	14	9	<6	13
	DERBY TEACHING HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	23 33	78 78	8	17	-	12
	SPIRE BUSHEY HOSPITAL SHEFFIELD TEACHING HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	33 51	78 19	<6 28	c	- <6	11 10
	BMI - THE CLEMENTINE CHURCHILL HOSPITAL	8	19 67	28	6	<0	10
	THE HILLINGDON HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	0	64	12	7	-	5
	CIRCLE - NOTTINGHAM NHS TREATMENT CENTRE	_	69	14	/		5
	GEORGE ELIOT HOSPITAL NHS TRUST	_	35	20	27	_	5
	LEICESTERSHIRE PARTNERSHIP NHS TRUST	-	-	12	8	59	7
	THE QUEEN ELIZABETH HOSPITAL, KING'S LYNN, NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	7	35	<6	21	-	e
	HINCHINGBROOKE HEALTH CARE NHS TRUST	6	43	<6	<6	-	5
	BMI - THE CHILTERN HOSPITAL	<6	31	15		-	4
RK5 5	SHERWOOD FOREST HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	-	43	-	<6	-	4
VVC40 I	NOTTINGHAM WOODTHORPE HOSPITAL	23	16	<6		-	4
RP5 I	DONCASTER AND BASSETLAW HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	8	26	<6	<6	-	4
RJ1 (GUY'S AND ST THOMAS' NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	<6	13	23	<6	-	3
NT434 I	BMI - THE SAXON CLINIC	-	19	19		-	3
NTEO2 S	ST HUGH'S HOSPITAL	-	32	<6		<6	3
	SPIRE HARPENDEN HOSPITAL	7	22	<6		-	3
	ASPEN - CLAREMONT HOSPITAL	17	15	<6		-	3
	IMPERIAL COLLEGE HEALTHCARE NHS TRUST	<6	13	6	9	-	3
	NUFFIELD HEALTH, CAMBRIDGE HOSPITAL	28	-	<6		-	3
	BMI - THE MERIDEN HOSPITAL	22	<6	6		-	1
	PAIN MANAGEMENT SOLUTIONS - OAKS PARK PCC	-	15	11		-	1
	SPIRE HULL AND EAST RIDING HOSPITAL BMI - HENDON HOSPITAL	<6 <6	14 18	8 <6		-	2
	ASPEN - HOLLY HOUSE HOSPITAL	<0	18	<6			2
	BARTS HEALTH NHS TRUST	<6	<6	<0 7	6		1
	FRIMLEY HEALTH NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	<6	6	<6	6	_	1
	NORTH MIDDLESEX UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL NHS TRUST	-	<6	<0	8	-	1
	BASILDON AND THURROCK UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	-	<6	12	-	-	1
	BURTON HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST		-		13	-	1
	BMI THE CAVELL HOSPITAL	10	<6	-		-	1
1E 5	STAFFORDSHIRE AND STOKE ON TRENT PARTNERSHIP NHS TRUST	-	11	-	-	-	1
J6 (CROYDON HEALTH SERVICES NHS TRUST	-	<6	<6	<6	-	
RJ -	THE ROYAL ORTHOPAEDIC HOSPITAL NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	<6	<6	<6	-	-	
	PARK HILL HOSPITAL	-	9	-		-	
	BMI - THE SHELBURNE HOSPITAL	<6	<6	<6		-	
	THE ROBERT JONES AND AGNES HUNT ORTHOPAEDIC HOSPITAL NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	<6	6	-	-	-	
	HAMPSHIRE HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	<6	<6	-	<6	-	
	BMI - THE LONDON INDEPENDENT HOSPITAL	-	<6	<6	_	-	
	YORK TEACHING HOSPITAL NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	-	<6	<6	<6	-	
	BARKING, HAVERING AND REDBRIDGE UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS NHS TRUST	<6	-	<6	-	<6	
	CHESTERFIELD ROYAL HOSPITAL NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	-	<6	-	<6	-	
	WEST SUFFOLK NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	-	<6	<6	-	-	
	SPIRE THAMES VALLEY HOSPITAL	<6	<6	-	<i></i>	-	
	UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS BIRMINGHAM NHS FOUNDATION TRUST SOUTH ESSEX PARTNERSHIP UNIVERSITY NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	-	<6	-	<6	-	•
	KING'S COLLEGE HOSPITAL NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	<6		<6	- <6	<6	•
	THE WHITTINGTON HOSPITAL NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	<6	- <6	<0 -	<6	-	
	MID ESSEX HOSPITAL SERVICES NHS TRUST	-	<6	- <6	< <u>0</u>	-	•
	CHELSEA AND WESTMINSTER HOSPITAL NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	_	<0	<6	_	_	
	LINCOLNSHIRE COMMUNITY HEALTH SERVICES NHS TRUST	_	-	<0	- <6	- <6	
	BMI - THORNBURY HOSPITAL	- <6	- <6	-	-0	-	
	IPSWICH HOSPITAL NHS TRUST	-	<0	- <6	<6	-	
	UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS OF NORTH MIDLANDS NHS TRUST	<6	-	<6			
י בו							
	NORFOLK AND NORWICH UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST			1	<6	- 1	

14. Back & Radicular Pain Admissions Breakdown for the Central Midlands Region

Highlighted Provider Data is included in this report (Red=Complex Spinal Provider, Blue=NHS Trust & Green=Independent Sector Provider)

		Ele	ective Admissio	ons	Emergency	Other Admission	
Code	Provider Name	Surgery	Injections	Other	Admissions	Types	Total
RR1	HEART OF ENGLAND NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	-	<6	-	<6	-	<6
NT226	NUFFIELD HEALTH, LEICESTER HOSPITAL	<6	<6	<6		-	<6
NT314	SPIRE RODING HOSPITAL	-	<6	-		-	<6
NT441	BMI - THREE SHIRES HOSPITAL	<6	<6	<6		-	<6
NT450	BMI THE LINCOLN HOSPITAL	-	<6	<6		-	<6
NVC09	NEW HALL HOSPITAL	-	<6	-		-	<6
R1K	LONDON NORTH WEST HEALTHCARE NHS TRUST				<6	<6	<6
RA2	ROYAL SURREY COUNTY HOSPITAL NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	<6	-	-	<6	-	<6
REF	ROYAL CORNWALL HOSPITALS NHS TRUST				<6	-	<6
RFR	THE ROTHERHAM NHS FOUNDATION TRUST ROYAL DEVON AND EXETER NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	-	<6	-	-	-	<6
RH8 RJ7	ST GEORGE'S UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	<6	_	<6	<6	-	<6 <6
RNA	THE DUDLEY GROUP NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	~0	-	~0	<6		<6
RTK	ASHFORD AND ST PETER'S HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	-	-	<6	<6	-	<6
RVV	EAST KENT HOSPITALS UNIVERSITY NHS FOUNDATION TRUST				<6	-	<6
RVW	NORTH TEES AND HARTLEPOOL NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	<6	-	<6	-	-	<6
RWY	CALDERDALE AND HUDDERSFIELD NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	-	-	<6	<6	-	<6
RXF	MID YORKSHIRE HOSPITALS NHS TRUST	-	<6	-	-	-	<6
RXN	LANCASHIRE TEACHING HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	-	<6	-	-	-	<6
RXW	SHREWSBURY AND TELFORD HOSPITAL NHS TRUST	-	-	<6	<6	-	<6
RY4	HERTFORDSHIRE COMMUNITY NHS TRUST				-	<6	<6
RYR	WESTERN SUSSEX HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST				<6	-	<6
NT224	NUFFIELD HEALTH, WARWICKSHIRE HOSPITAL	<6	-	-		-	<6
NT317	SPIRE CAMBRIDGE LEA HOSPITAL	-	<6	-		-	<6
NT322	SPIRE LEICESTER HOSPITAL	-	<6	-		-	<6
NT431	BMI - THE RUNNYMEDE HOSPITAL	-	-	<6		-	<6
NV323	CIRCLE READING HOSPITAL	-	<6	-		-	<6
NWF01	BENENDEN HOSPITAL	-	<6	-		-	<6
	ASPEN - HIGHGATE HOSPITAL	<6	<6	-		-	<6
RA3	WESTON AREA HEALTH NHS TRUST				<6	-	<6
RA7	UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS BRISTOL NHS FOUNDATION TRUST				<6	-	<6
RAE RAJ	BRADFORD TEACHING HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST SOUTHEND UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL NHS FOUNDATION TRUST		<6		<6	-	<6 <6
RAX	KINGSTON HOSPITAL NHS FOUNDATION TRUST		<0 <6				<0
RBN	ST HELENS AND KNOWSLEY HOSPITALS NHS TRUST	_	-0	-	<6		<6
RCU	SHEFFIELD CHILDREN'S NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	<6			-		<6
RD1	ROYAL UNITED HOSPITALS BATH NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	-	-	<6	-	-	<6
RDZ	THE ROYAL BOURNEMOUTH AND CHRISTCHURCH HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST				<6	-	<6
RHM	UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL SOUTHAMPTON NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	<6	-	-	-	-	<6
RJC	SOUTH WARWICKSHIRE NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	-	-	<6	-	-	<6
RJN	EAST CHESHIRE NHS TRUST				<6	-	<6
RK9	PLYMOUTH HOSPITALS NHS TRUST	<6	-	-	-	-	<6
RLN	CITY HOSPITALS SUNDERLAND NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	-	<6	-	-	-	<6
RM3	SALFORD ROYAL NHS FOUNDATION TRUST				<6	-	<6
RMC	BOLTON NHS FOUNDATION TRUST				<6	-	<6
RMP	TAMESIDE HOSPITAL NHS FOUNDATION TRUST				<6	-	<6
RN3	GREAT WESTERN HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	-	<6	-	-	-	<6
RNZ	SALISBURY NHS FOUNDATION TRUST				<6	-	<6
RQX	HOMERTON UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	-	<6	-	-	-	<6
RTD	THE NEWCASTLE UPON TYNE HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST				<6	-	<6
RTE	GLOUCESTERSHIRE HOSPITALS NHS FOUNDATION TRUST				<6	-	<6
RTP	SURREY AND SUSSEX HEALTHCARE NHS TRUST				<6	-	<6
RTX	UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS OF MORECAMBE BAY NHS FOUNDATION TRUST				<6	-	<6
RVJ RW6	NORTH BRISTOL NHS TRUST PENNINE ACUTE HOSPITALS NHS TRUST			<6	<6	-	<6 <6
RWF	MAIDSTONE AND TUNBRIDGE WELLS NHS TRUST		-	<0	- <6		<6
RWP	WORCESTERSHIRE ACUTE HOSPITALS NHS TRUST				<6		<6
RWW	WARRINGTON AND HALTON HOSPITALS INIS FOUNDATION TRUST				<6	-	<0
RXK	SANDWELL AND WEST BIRMINGHAM HOSPITALS NHS TRUST				<6	-	<6
RXR	EAST LANCASHIRE HOSPITALS NHS TRUST				<6	-	<6
NT213	NUFFIELD HEALTH, DERBY HOSPITAL	<6	-	-	-0	-	<6
NT333	SPIRE WASHINGTON HOSPITAL	-	<6	-		-	<6
NT344	SPIRE DUNEDIN HOSPITAL	-	<6	-		-	<6
NT427	BMI - THE PARK HOSPITAL	<6	-	-		-	<6
NT436	BMI - SHIRLEY OAKS HOSPITAL	-	<6	-		-	<6
NVC01	ASHTEAD HOSPITAL	-	<6	-		-	<6
NVC18	SPRINGFIELD HOSPITAL	<6	-	-		-	<6
Total		2,045	13,705	2,741	3,821	176	22,488

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0.2	Draft V2	15/03/2016	Amendments & Final QA	Adam Fearing,				
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0.6	Draft V6	13/06/2016	Narrative & formatting	Liz Lingard				

CONFIDENTIALITY CHECKLIST – FOR	COMPLETION PRIOR TO ANY DRAFTS SENT TO CLIENTS
Does the report include any small numbers?	Yes
If yes, can we produce a meaningful suppressed version?	Yes, the small numbers in this report have been suppressed. Observed events less than 6 have been replaced by "<6". Rates where the numerator or denominator are less than 6 have been shown, although to calculate that small number would not be possible from the data shown here.
If not, the Epidemiologist AND Director must justify why not here, highlight, and agree the need for an NDA	
Have Lightfoot/HSCIC approved use of NDA in order to disclose small numbers?	
Has the recipient of the report signed the NDA?	